215.704

- (iii) Select the best offeror (see paragraph (h)(2)(iv) of this subsection for multiple sources);
- (iv) Tell the selected source that the decision is conditional based on negotiation of a definitive contract within the time period prescribed by the source selection authority; and
- (v) Advise the other offerors of the source selected.
 - (2) In conducting step three—
- (i) Remind offerors, when notifying them of the common cut-off date, that any changes incorporated in the final proposal must be fully documented;
- (ii) Do not accept lump sum reductions in final cost proposals without supporting data;
- (iii) Do not request additional best and final offers without the approval required by 215.611(c); and
- (iv) Do not select two or more offerors, rather than a single source, for final contract negotiations, unless the HCA makes a written determination that final selection of a single source should not be made until the prospective contracts have been tentatively negotiated.
- (i) Step four—final negotiations and contract award. (1) The sequence of step four (single selectee)—
- (i) Negotiate the final contract price, terms, and conditions; and
 - (ii) Award the contract.
- (2) The sequence of step four (multiple selectees)— $\,$
- (i) Negotiate tentative final contract terms and conditions:
 - (ii) Select the best source; and
 - (iii) Award.
 - (3) In conducting step four—
- (i) Complete negotiations and award the contract within the time prescribed by the source selection authority;
- (ii) Terminate negotiations and make a new source selection decision if the condition in paragraph (i)(3)(i) cannot be met
- (iii) Do not permit changes in the Government's requirements or the offeror's proposal which would affect the source selection decision; and
- (iv) Follow the procedures in FAR 15.606 if changes in the Government's requirements are necessary.

Subpart 215.7—Make-or-Buy Programs

215.704 Items and work included.

The minimum dollar amount is \$1 million.

Subpart 215.8—Price Negotiation

215.804 Cost or pricing data and information other than cost or pricing data.

215.804-1 Prohibition on obtaining cost or pricing data.

- (b) Standards for exceptions from cost or pricing data requirements—(1) Adequate price competition. (A) An example of a price ''based on'' adequate price competition is exercise of a priced option in a contract where adequate price competition existed, if the contracting officer has determined that the option price is reasonable in accordance with FAR 17.207(d);
- (B) Dual or multiple source programs.
- (1) In dual or multiple source programs, the determination of adequate price competition must be made on a case-by-case basis. Contracting officers must exercise deliberation and thorough review in making the determination. Even when adequate price competition exists, in certain cases it may be appropriate to obtain additional information to assist in price analysis.
- (2) Adequate price competition normally exists when—
- (i) Prices are solicited across a full range of step quantities, normally including a 0-100 percent split, from at least two offerors that are individually capable of producing the full quantity; and
- (ii) The reasonableness of all prices awarded is clearly established on the basis of price analysis (see FAR 15.805-2).
 - (4) Exceptional cases.
- (A) The DoD has exempted the Canadian Commercial Corporation and its subcontractors from submission and certification of cost or pricing data on all acquisitions.